



The Role of Youth Involving in the Green Economy, Green Energy, Green Jobs, and Green Transition

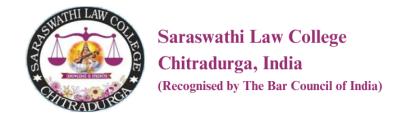
International Model United Nations Conference: Youth Empowerment

Agenda: The Role of Youth Involving in the Green Economy, Green Energy, Green Jobs, and Green Transition

BACKGROUND GUIDE

The issue of climate change, environmental sustainability, and the future of our planet has never been more urgent. As the global community faces increasing challenges such as rising carbon emissions, deforestation, and the depletion of natural resources, the need for immediate action has become a global consensus. Central to this action is the engagement of youth in the transformation towards a sustainable future. The youth, representing the next generation of leaders, play a critical role in shaping the green economy, advancing green energy solutions, promoting green jobs, and driving the green transition. The International Model United Nations Conference offers a unique opportunity for young people to engage in dialogue, debate, and action on these issues, empowering them to take leadership roles in sustainability.

A green economy is one that strives for sustainability by reducing environmental risks and promoting resource efficiency. It includes industries that contribute to environmental conservation, such as renewable energy, sustainable agriculture, green construction, and eco-friendly technologies. A green economy also emphasizes reducing inequality and creating new opportunities, particularly in sectors that offer long-term benefits to both the environment and the economy. For youth, the green economy offers an opportunity to engage in careers and initiatives that are economically rewarding and environmentally responsible. It calls for innovation and creative thinking, allowing young people to make a substantial difference by reshaping industries to be more sustainable.





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Green energy, derived from renewable resources like wind, solar, hydro, and geothermal, is a cornerstone of a sustainable future. As global energy demand increases, youth play a pivotal role in accelerating the adoption of green energy solutions. Young people are well-placed to embrace new technologies and advocate for the adoption of sustainable energy solutions in communities, businesses, and governments. Youth can actively promote green energy solutions through education, awareness campaigns, and social media platforms. They also lead advocacy movements, such as Fridays for Future, which demand urgent climate action from governments and industries. Additionally, many young entrepreneurs are developing innovative green energy technologies, contributing to the global transition to cleaner energy.

The transition to a green economy will require a new workforce skilled in sustainable practices. Green jobs are those that help preserve or restore the environment and include roles such as renewable energy engineers, environmental consultants, urban planners, and sustainability experts. For youth, green jobs present an incredible opportunity to work in industries that are both environmentally responsible and economically rewarding. As demand for sustainable practices grows, so does the need for a new generation of workers trained in areas like renewable energy, sustainable agriculture, waste management, and environmental policy. Youth involvement in the workforce of tomorrow will ensure the sustainability of these industries and promote inclusive economic growth that benefits communities and the planet.

The green transition refers to the global shift towards an environmentally sustainable, low-carbon economy, requiring coordinated efforts across governments, businesses, and individuals. Youth are key players in this transition, pushing for policy changes, such as carbon pricing, stricter environmental regulations, and incentives for clean technologies. Youth-led initiatives, including urban gardens, tree planting campaigns, and community energy projects, demonstrate that local solutions can have a global impact. Through technology and social media, young people are raising awareness about the importance of sustainable practices and advocating for a shift in societal attitudes towards consumption and waste.

To fully empower youth in the green economy and transition, it is essential to provide education, resources, and opportunities for engagement. Governments, educational institutions,





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and the private sector must invest in training programs and policy reforms to equip young people with the skills needed for green jobs. Moreover, youth must be given platforms where they can actively participate in decision-making processes and influence policies affecting the environment and their future.

In conclusion, the transition to a green economy, powered by renewable energy and supported by green jobs, offers transformative opportunities for economic growth and environmental sustainability. Youth are not just the future—they are the present, already playing a central role in advocating for change, innovating new solutions, and driving sustainable practices. As the world faces mounting environmental challenges, empowering youth to take leadership in the green economy and green transition is more important than ever. The International Model United Nations Conference serves as a vital platform for youth to share ideas, forge partnerships, and create actionable strategies for a greener, more sustainable world. The active involvement of youth in the green economy, green energy, green jobs, and the green transition will be crucial in shaping a sustainable future for all.

ORGANISERS

Saraswathi Law College, CK Pura, Chitradurga, Karnataka 577501

in collaboration with

The Organisation of Green Future Afghanistan

Date: 22nd February 2025

Last Date of Registration: 15 February 2025.

Format: Webinar (Online)
Time: 2 p.m. to 7 p.m.

Registration Fees: None (This event is free of charge)

Registration Link: https://forms.gle/3vguJU6m6J845Fv96

Certificates: Digital certificates with QR code verification will be awarded based on active

participation.

Note: Participants can choose the country from the country matrix. Each participant will be allowed to represent only one country. Countries will be allotted according to preference on a first come, first serve basis.

PRESIDENT OF THE PROGRAMME AND CHIEF COORDINATOR





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Prof. (Dr.) Maruthi TR

Professor of International Law
Department of Studies in Law
University of Mysore
Mysore, Karnataka, India
Email Id: maruthi_smg@yahoo.co.in
Phone No +91-6366189651

COORDINATOR

Prof. (Dr.) M.S. Sudadevi
Principal
Saraswathi Law College,
CK Pura, Chitradurga,
Karnataka 577501
Telephone: 081942 24549
Email: slc_cta@rediffmail.com

ORGANISING SECRETARY

Dr. N D GowdaAssistant Professor
Saraswathi Law College,
CK Pura, Chitradurga,
Karnataka 577501

ORGANISING MEMBER

Ms. Qadriya Hashimi
CEO
Organisation of Green Future Afghanistan
Virtual NGO
Website: www.ogfaf.org
Mobile no. +93 74 893 3767
Email: qadriahashimi64@gmail.com

CHAIRPERSON

Mr. Abhijith Koundinya G.R
Event Coordinator of ILPR, VODAP and OGFA
Email: akgr.mys@gmail.com
Phone no. +918660194599





Country Matrix					
Seri al No.	Country	Name	Institution	Mobile no.	
1	Afghanistan				
2	Albania				
3	Algeria				
4	Andorra				
5	Angola				
6	Antigua and Barbuda				
7	Argentina				
8	Armenia				
9	Australia				
10	Austria				
11	Azerbaijan				
12	Bahamas				
13	Bahrain				
14	Bangladesh				
15	Barbados				
16	Belarus				
17	Belgium				
18	Belize				
19	Benin				
20	Bhutan				
21	Bolivia				





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22	Bosnia and			
22	Herzegovina			
23	Botswana			
24	Brazil			
25	Brunei			
26	Bulgaria			
27	Burkina Faso			
28	Burundi			
29	Côte d'Ivoire			
30	Cabo Verde			
31	Cambodia			
32	Cameroon			
33	Canada			
34	Central African Republic			
35	Chad			
36	Chile			
37	China			
38	Colombia			
39	Comoros			
40	Congo (Congo- Brazzaville)			
41	Costa Rica			
42	Croatia			
43	Cuba			
44	Cyprus			
45	Czechia (Czech Republic)			





46	Democratic Republic of the Congo		
47	Denmark		
48	Djibouti		
49	Dominica		
50			
	Dominican Republic		
51	Ecuador		
52	Egypt		
53	El Salvador		
54	Equatorial Guinea		
55	Eritrea		
56	Estonia		
57	Eswatini (fmr. "Swaziland")		
58	Ethiopia		
59	Fiji		
60	Finland		
61	France		
62	Gabon		
63	Gambia		
64	Georgia		
65	Germany		
66	Ghana		
67	Greece		
68	Grenada		
69	Guatemala		
70	Guinea		
71	Guinea-Bissau		





72	Guyana		
73	Haiti		
74	Holy See		
75	Honduras		
76	Hungary		
77	Iceland		
78	India		
79	Indonesia		
80	Iran		
81	Iraq		
82	Ireland		
83	Israel		
84	Italy		
85	Jamaica		
86	Japan		
87	Jordan		
88	Kazakhstan		
89	Kenya		
90	Kiribati		
91	Kuwait		
92	Kyrgyzstan		
93	Laos		
94	Latvia		
95	Lebanon		
96	Lesotho		
97	Liberia		
98	Libya		





99	Liechtenstein	I	
100	Lithuania		
101	Luxembourg		
102	Madagascar		
103	Malawi		
104	Malaysia		
105	Maldives		
106	Mali		
107	Malta		
108	Marshall Islands		
109	Mauritania		
110	Mauritius		
111	Mexico		
112	Micronesia		
113	Moldova		
114	Monaco		
115	Mongolia		
116	Montenegro		
117	Morocco		
118	Mozambique		
119	Myanmar		
120	Namibia		
121	Nauru		
122	Nepal		
123	Netherlands		
124	New Zealand		
125	Nicaragua		





126	Niger		
127	Nigeria		
128	North Korea		
129	North Macedonia		
130	Norway		
131	Oman		
132	Pakistan		
133	Palau		
134	Palestine State		
135	Panama		
136	Papua New Guinea		
137	Paraguay		
138	Peru		
139	Philippines		
140	Poland		
141	Portugal		
142	Qatar		
143	Romania		
144	Russia		
145	Rwanda		
146	Saint Kitts and Nevis		
147	Saint Lucia		
148	Saint Vincent and the Grenadines		
149	Samoa		
150	San Marino		
151	Sao Tome and Principe		





152	Saudi Arabia		
153			
	Senegal		
154	Serbia		
155	Seychelles		
156	Sierra Leone		
157	Singapore		
158	Slovakia		
159	Slovenia		
160	Solomon Islands		
161	Somalia		
162	South Africa		
163	South Korea		
164	South Sudan		
165	Spain		
166	Sri Lanka		
167	Sudan		
168	Suriname		
169	Sweden		
170	Switzerland		
171	Syria		
172	Tajikistan		
173	Tanzania		
174	Thailand		
175	Timor-Leste		
176	Togo		
177	Tonga		
178	Trinidad and Tobago		





179	Tunisia		
180	Turkey		
181	Turkmenistan		
182	Tuvalu		
183	Uganda		
184	Ukraine		
185	United Arab Emirates		
186	United Kingdom		
187	United States of America		
188	Uruguay		
189	Uzbekistan		
190	Vanuatu		
191	Venezuela		
192	Vietnam		
193	Yemen		
194	Zambia		
195	Zimbabwe		